## Properties of quadrilaterals: Information sheets

## http://topdrawer.aamt.edu.au/Geometric-reasoning/Big-ideas/Plane-shapes/Polygons

## Trapeziums

A trapezium is a quadrilateral with at least one pair of sides parallel.
Here are some examples of trapeziums:


All trapeziums possess the following property: One pair of sides of a trapezium is parallel.

This trapezium is usually called a rhombus:


This trapezium is usually called a parallelogram:


This trapezium is usually called a square:


This trapezium is usually called a rectangle:


Challenge 1: Draw a trapezium with exactly 1 pair of parallel sides and exactly 2 equal sides.
Challenge 2: Draw a trapezium with exactly 1 pair of parallel sides and exactly 3 equal sides.
Challenge 3: Draw a trapezium with exactly 4 equal sides.

## Kites

A kite is a quadrilateral with two pairs of adjacent sides equal.
Here are some examples of kites:


All kites possess the following properties:

- Two pairs of adjacent sides of a kite are equal
- One diagonal of a kite bisects the other diagonal
- One diagonal of a kite bisects the opposite angles
- The diagonals of a kite are perpendicular
- A kite has at least one axis of symmetry

This kite is usually called a rhombus:


This kite is usually called a square:


## Parallelograms

A parallelogram is a quadrilateral whose opposite sides are parallel.
Here are some examples of parallelograms:


All parallelograms possess the following properties:

- The opposite sides of a parallelogram are parallel
- The opposite sides of a parallelogram are equal
- The opposite angles of a parallelogram are equal
- The diagonals of a parallelogram bisect each other
- A parallelogram has point symmetry and rotational symmetry

This parallelogram is usually called a rhombus:


This parallelogram is usually called a rectangle:


This parallelogram is usually called a square:


I am a quadrilateral. I am also a trapezium. My best name is a parallelogram:


## Rhombuses

A rhombus is a quadrilateral with all sides equal.
Here are some examples of rhombuses:


All rhombuses possess the following properties:

- The opposite sides of a rhombus are parallel
- All sides of a rhombus are equal
- The opposite angles of a rhombus are equal
- The diagonals of a rhombus bisect the opposite angles
- The diagonals of a rhombus bisect each other
- The diagonals of a rhombus are perpendicular
- A rhombus has two axes of symmetry
- A rhombus has point symmetry and rotational symmetry

This rhombus is usually called a square:


I am a quadrilateral. I am also a kite, a trapezium and a parallelogram. My best name is a rhombus:


## Rectangles

A rectangle is a quadrilateral in which all angles are right angles.
Here are some examples of rectangles:


All rectangles possess the following properties:

- The opposite sides of a rectangle are parallel
- The opposite sides of a rectangle are equal
- All angles at the vertices of a rectangle are $90^{\circ}$
- The diagonals of a rectangle are equal
- The diagonals of a rectangle bisect each other
- A rectangle has two axes of symmetry
- A rectangle has point symmetry and rotational symmetry

This rectangle is usually called a square:


I am a quadrilateral. I am also a trapezium and a parallelogram. My best name is a rectangle:


## Squares

A square is a quadrilateral that is both a rectangle and a rhombus.
Here are some examples of squares:


All squares possess the following properties:

- Opposite sides of a square are parallel
- All sides of a square are equal
- All angles at the vertices of a square are $90^{\circ}$
- The diagonals of a square are equal
- The diagonals of a square bisect the opposite angles
- The diagonals of a square bisect each other
- The diagonals of a square are perpendicular
- A square has four axes of symmetry
- A square has point symmetry and rotational symmetry

I am a quadrilateral. I am also a kite, a trapezium, a rhombus, a parallelogram and a rectangle. My best name is a square.


